

Critical Guidance Protocol for Clear PET Resin and Molded Articles

Document number - PET-CG-01

Revision date - April 11, 2019

Introduction – Scope, significance and use

This is a comprehensive laboratory scale evaluation, or protocol, that can be used to assess the compatibility of new PET resins, as well as molded PET articles that employ new resins, blends, additives, coatings, adhesive layers, or multi-layer constructions with common commercial scale recycling processes. These new materials are referred to as innovations. This protocol is only applicable to clear PET articles. Clear PET refers to natural color PET with no colorants added at the molding process. Product developers, as well as those who specify products, can employ this test to maintain and improve the quality and productivity of PET recycling.

The evaluation can be used with any pelletized PET resin or with molded articles made with PET. Molded articles are most often expected to be: injection stretch blow molded containers, extrusion blow molded containers, or thermoformed sheet products; but it also applies to any article that would be sorted as clear PET in the collection and sorting system.

Data developed by an independent third-party laboratory following this protocol can be used in petitions to APR's Critical Guidance Recognition Program. Petitions require data for a control material, and for the innovation articles blended with molded control articles.

The test is not appropriate for package constructions that will not pass through sorting steps at a Materials Recovery Facility (MRF) or plastic reclaimer and be collected into PET bales for recycling, nor for packages that are not in alignment with the APR Design? Guide for Plastics Recycling text. This test is not appropriate for materials that employ time dependent behavior where appearance or physical properties are expected to change over time. If it is questionable that the test article doesn't meet these criteria, the appropriate APR sorting potential protocol or degradability test should be conducted prior to conducting this test.

Disclaimer: This document has been prepared by the Association of Plastic Recyclers as a service to the plastic industry to promote the most efficient use of the nation's plastic recycling infrastructure and to enhance the quality and quantity of recycled postconsumer plastic. The information in this document is offered without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, which are expressly disclaimed. APR and its members accept no responsibility for any harm or damages arising from the use of or reliance upon this information by any party. Participation in the Recognition Program is purely voluntary and does not guarantee compliance with any U.S. law or regulation or that a package or plastic article incorporating the innovation is recyclable or will be recycled.



Method summary and flow diagrams

Molded articles, Path 1 - This Critical Guidance protocol provides two pathways for testing resins and molded articles. For molded articles, including molded articles that employ layers, coatings, additives, adhesives or blends; articles are made with the innovation material, and similar articles are also made solely with a control PET resin without the innovation for comparison. A flow diagram shown in Appendix I illustrates that these articles are separately processed through these steps:

- Granulated, washed, sink/floated, dried, and elutriated.
- Blends are created from the washed and elutriated flake. Required blends are 100% control material; and a 50/50 blend of control material and test material. Optional blends can be used if desired by the investigator. An example is given in the test method for a 75/25 blend of control with test material.
- These blends are dried, extruded and pelletized.
- Pelletized material is solid stated, and the solid stated pellets are injection molded into plaques for evaluation. (Solid stated pelletized material of 0.80 dL/g that are made from this Path can also be used to satisfy the Application Test Protocols.)

Measurements are made in each of the process steps using specified tests that are required for the Critical Guidance evaluation. An investigator may run optional tests, if desired, to obtain additional information that is not required for the Critical Guidance evaluation.

<u>Pelletized resins, Path 2</u> – For qualified pelletized innovation PET resins a simpler path is available. The heat history of molding an article is modeled by extruding and re-pelletizing each of the control and test resins. Blends of control and test material can be made without the need to wash and elutriate samples. This second pathway is show in Appendix II.

Reference Documents

The following documents are referenced in this Critical Guidance Protocol:

APR PET Standard Laboratory Practices, PET-P-00

APR PET Screening Test Methods:

PET Package Materials Balance, PET-S-04

PET Flake Clumping Evaluation, PET-S-08

PET Flake Oven Bake Evaluation, PET-S-10

PET IV Build Rate Evaluation, PET-S-0-7

Measurement of PET Flake or Pellet Discoloration, PET-S-02

Evaluation of PET Plaques for Color, Haze and Inclusions, PET-S-09

ASTM Methods

ASTM D4603-18 Standard Test Method for Determining Inherent Viscosity of Poly(Ethylene Terephthalate) (PET) by Glass Capillary Viscometer

ASTM D1238 – 13 Standard Test Method for Melt Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer

ASTM D3418 - 15 Standard Test Method for Transition Temperatures and Enthalpies of Fusion and Crystallization of Polymers by Differential Scanning Calorimetry



ASTM F2013 - 10(2016) Standard Test Method for Determination of Residual Acetaldehyde in Polyethylene Terephthalate Bottle Polymer Using an Automated Static Head-Space Sampling Device and a Capillary GC with a Flame Ionization Detector

Method steps for Molded Articles - Path I

Safety Statement: APR Test and Practice documents do NOT CLAIM TO ADDRESS ALL OF THE SAFETY ISSUES, IF ANY, ASSOCIATED WITH THEIR USE. These Tests and Practices may require the use of electrically powered equipment, heated equipment and molten polymers, rotating motors and drive assemblies, hydraulic powered equipment, high pressure air, and laboratory chemicals. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO ESTABLISH AND FOLLOW APPROPRIATE SAFETY AND HEALTH PROCEDURES WHEN UNDERTAKING THESE TESTS AND PRACTICES THAT COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS. APR and its members accept no responsibility for any harm or damages arising from the use of or reliance of these Tests and Practice documents by any party.

Sortation qualification for molded articles

If there is any concern that the test article will not sort properly in either a materials recovery facility or plastic reclaimer, the applicable APR sortation potential test(s) must be conducted prior to proceeding with the Critical Guidance protocol. Criteria for determining this can be found in the APR Design Guide? for Plastics Recyclability. Specific factors to consider are small or very large size, more two dimensional than three dimensional, containing metal or metalized inks and material components that could influence NIR sortation. Molded articles that do not provide a "preferred" level of sortation performance are not candidates for Critical Guidance review.

Path 1 Method Steps

The following steps are taken to prepare samples for evaluation; these steps are illustrated in the flow diagram in Appendix I, and details of each step are presented in the PET Practices, PET-P-01 through PET-P-08 (included in document PET-P-00):

- 1. Obtain molded innovation articles and control articles to use in the evaluation. The amount of material will depend upon the equipment and scale used in each laboratory.
- 2. For each of the test and control articles, separately:
 - a. Granulate the articles.
 - b. Wash the resulting flake including rinse and float/sink steps.
 - c. Dry the flake.
 - d. Elutriate the flake.
- 3. Prepare the following required blends:
 - a. 100% control flake Sample A
 - b. 50/50 blend of control flake with flake from the innovation article Sample B



- c. Prepare any optional blends chosen by the investigator, for example: 75/25 blend of control flake and innovation flake Sample C
- 4. Extrude, melt filter and re-pelletize to create the samples: A pellets, B pellets and C pellets.
- 5. Solid state the pellet samples for an initial 8 hour time period to create samples: A SSP Pellets, B SSP pellets and C SSP pellets. These samples are used for the IV Build Rate Evaluation.
- 6. Solid state a second sample of the blends to an IV of 0.80 dl/g to create samples used to make injection molded plaques: A SSP 0.8 pellets, B SSP 0.8 pellets and C SSP 0.8 pellets
 - a. This material if produced in sufficient quantity will be satisfactory for use in any of the Application Testing Protocols that might optionally be performed.
- 7. Injection mold the 0.80 IV blends to create amorphous plaque samples: A plaques, B plaques and C plaques.

Method steps for Pelletized Resin – Path 2

When pelletized resins are being evaluated, the creation of blends can be different than when the starting point is a molded article. Otherwise, the process and evaluation steps are the same.

Pre-test to qualify a resin for Path 2

- 1. In a first step, wash a sample of the pelletized test material about 100 grams in a 1 wt% solution of NaOH at 85° C for 15 minutes, then rinse the resin with tap water and air dry the sample.
- 2. Measure the color values of the pellets before and after exposure to the hot caustic wash.
- 3. If the change in b* value of the washed pellets compared to the un-washed pellets is less than one b* unit, blends can be prepared using Path 2 outlined below which does not require making molded articles.
- 4. If the change in b* value of the washed pellets compared to the un-washed pellets is greater than one b* unit, the resin is treated as though there is an additive in the resin and molded articles must first be made and tested using Path I above.

The following steps are taken to prepare samples for evaluation; these steps are illustrated in the flow diagram in Appendix II, and details of each step are presented in the PET Practices, PET-P-01 through PET-P-08:

- 1. Following the Extrusion Practice, PET-P-06, separately dry each of the control and innovation resins, then extrude the pellets in an extruder with a strand die and recover the re-pelletized material. This step adds a drying and melt heat history to simulate making a molded article with the resins. There is no requirement for melt filtration when extrusion is only to add heat history.
- 2. Prepare the following required blends from the re-pelletized samples:
 - a. 100% control pellets Sample A pellet blend
 - b. 50/50 blend of control pellets with pellets from the test article Sample B pellet blend
 - c. Prepare any optional blends chosen by the investigator, for example: 75/25 blend of control pellets and test pellets Sample C pellet blend
- 3. Extrude, melt filter and re-pelletize to create the samples: A pellets, B pellets and C pellets.



- 4. Solid state the pellet samples for an initial 8 hour time period to create samples: A SSP Pellets, B SSP pellets and C SSP pellets. These samples are used for the IV Build Rate Evaluation.
- 5. Solid state a second sample of the blends to an IV of 0.80 to create samples used to make injection molded plaques: A SSP 0.8 pellets, B SSP 0.8 pellets and C SSP 0.8 pellets
 - a. This material if produced in sufficient quantity will be satisfactory for use in any of the Application Testing Protocols that might optionally be performed.
- 6. Injection mold the 0.80 IV blends to create amorphous plaque samples: A plaques, B plaques and C plaques.

Measurements, Report and Guidance Values

Pellet pre-test results when Path 2 is employed

Report b* value of test pellets before and after wash.

Wash and elutriation evaluations - (applies to Path 1 evaluations only)

Property	Method	APR Guidance	Additional Guidance	
		Preferred values		
Required values				
PET flake clumping test when required	PET Flake Clumping Evaluation, PET-S-08	<1 wt% retention on screen and foil for each of the un-weighted and weighted evaluations	Required when the following are involved: an adhesive or polymeric coating, a non-crystalline thermoplastic component, or a crystalline material with MP less than 225° C	
	Optiona	l al values		
Flake bake test	PET Flake Oven Bake Evaluation, PET-S-10		Can reveal contamination before later evaluations	
Flake color	Measurement of PET Flake or Pellet Discoloration, PET-S-02		Can reveal contamination before later evaluations	
Materials balance	PET Package Materials Balance, PET-S-04		Can reveal contamination before later evaluations	



Extrusion evaluation

IV loss - The table below calls for reporting the Extrusion IV loss when Flake samples are extruded to pellet samples in Path 1, or where pellet blend samples are extruded to pellet samples Path 2. The following steps are used to report this value using Path 1 and samples A and B for illustration:

- Measure the IV of flake created from control articles as well as from innovation articles.
- Calculate the arithmetic mean IV of flake blend sample B and employ the mean value as the IV of the blend of control and innovation.
- Measure the IV of the resulting pellets for each blend after extrusion.
- Measure the IV loss for sample A with extrusion and call that value A'. This is the IV loss for the control.
- Measure the IV loss for Sample B with extrusion and call that value B'. This is the IV loss for the 50:50 blend of innovation and control.

Property	Method	APR Guidance	Additional Guidance	
Preferred values Populind values				
Required values				
Extrusion IV loss in	ASTM D 4603 solution IV	Difference in A' and B'		
extruding flakes	with	is 0.025 units or less		
samples A and B to	phenol/tetrachlorethane			
amorphous pellets A	at 302 or ASTM D1238 –			
and B	13 method B			
Screen pack pressure	Steps given in the Melt	End pressure is no		
build	Filtration Practice, PET-	greater than 25% over		
	P06	starting pressure value		
Observation for fuming	Visual evaluation, no	No unusual fuming or		
or odor at feed throat	method	odors observed		
and die exit				
Observation for	Visual evaluation, no	No material sticks in		
material sticking in	method	drier of feed throat		
drier or feed throat				
Observation for any	Visual evaluation,	No safety or hazard		
impact on safety or	method	conditions observed		
hazardous conditions				
	<u>Optional value</u>			
Pellet color	Measurement of PET		Can reveal	
	Flake or Pellet		contamination before	
	Discoloration, PET-S-02		later evaluations	



Solid stating evaluation

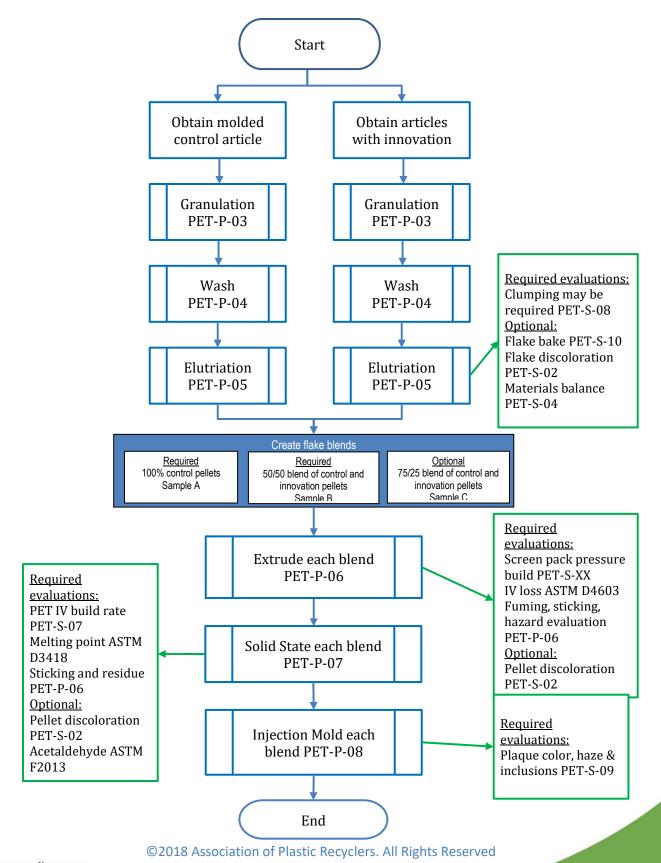
Property	Method	APR Guidance Preferred values		
Required values				
IV build rate	PET IV Build Rate Evaluation,	IV Delta of control and normalized value of		
	PET-S-07	test material:		
		At 8 hours < 0.04 units and sample B SSP		
		demonstrates 0.90 IV within 15 hours' time		
Melting point of solid	ASTM D3418 - 15 102C/minute.	Between 225 and 255° C		
stated pellets B at 0.80	On second melt after 1st melt			
IV by DSC	rapid quench to create amorphous			
measurement	material.			
Unusual sticking or	Visual observation, no method	No sticking or residue		
residue in solid stating				
unit				
Optional values				
Pellet discoloration	Measurement of PET Flake or			
	Pellet Discoloration, PET-S-02			
Acetaldehyde content	ASTMF2013-10			

Evaluation of molded plaques

Property	Method	APR Guidance Preferred values		
Required values				
L color value	Evaluation of PET Plaques for	>82		
	Color, Haze and Inclusions,			
	PET-S-09			
a* value of plaques B	PET-S-09	Less than 1.5 units difference compared to		
		Plaques A		
b* value of plaques B	PET-S-09	Less than 1.5 units difference compared to		
		Plaques A5		
% haze of plaques B	PET-S-09	Control not to exceed 9% value, and		
		test not to exceed more than 10% units		
		greater than control.		
Inclusions and specks	PET-S-09	If A = 0; B is 2 or less		
in 50 plaques B		If A = 1; B is 4 or less		
		If A = 2; B is 6 or less		
IV loss when pellets are	ASTM D 4603 solution IV with	The value of IV loss for sample B is no		
molded to plaques	phenol/tetrachlorethane at 302 or	greater than 0.025 units when compared		
	ASTM D1238 – 13 method B	to sample A		

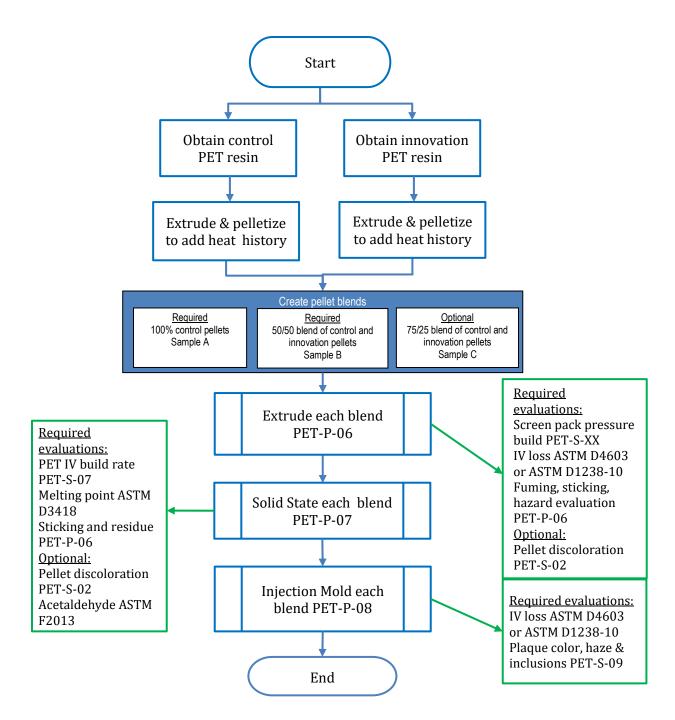


Appendix I Path 1: Flow Diagram for clear molded articles that employ qualified new resins, additives, coatings, layers, adhesives or blends





Appendix II Path 2: Flow Diagram for Qualified Clear PET Resins





DOCUMENT VERSION HISTORY

Version	Publication Date	Revision notes
1	November 16, 2018	
2	April 11, 2019	Revised Haze Guidance Preferred Values as approved by PTC in March 2019